AMENDMENT (2)

Claims

1. (Amended) A compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp comprising:

a bulb filled with discharge gas containing mercury enclosed in the bulb in the form of mercury element, not in the form of amalgam, and a rare gas;

an excitation coil installed near the bulb;

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil; and

a base that is electrically connected to the ballast circuit,

wherein: the bulb, the excitation coil, the ballast circuit and the base are formed into an integral part;

the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

a recessed portion to which the excitation coil is inserted is formed on the ballast circuit side of the bulb;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof, with a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion being provided with a function for suppressing the convection of the discharge gas;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 90 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.07 W/cm^2 to not more than 0.11 W/cm^2;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3;

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is Δh, and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied: $\Delta h \leq 1.15 \times Dc + 1.25$ [mm];

the excitation coil is constituted by a core and a coil wound around the core; and

the center portion of the portion around which the coil is wound in the longitudinal direction of the core is positioned within a range that is apart from the plane on which the largest diameter of the bulb is located by a distance from not less than 8 mm to not more than 20 mm toward the ballast circuit side.

2. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 1, wherein the diameter Dc and the distance Δh satisfy the following relationship: $\Delta h \geq 1.16 \times Dc - 17.4$ [mm].

3. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 1 or 2, wherein the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 65 to not more than 80 mm.

4. (Deleted)

5. (Amended) A compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp comprising:

a bulb filled with discharge gas containing mercury enclosed in the bulb in the form of mercury element, not in the form of amalgam, and a rare gas;

an excitation coil installed near the bulb;

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil; and

a base that is electrically connected to the ballast circuit,

wherein: the bulb, the excitation coil, the ballast circuit and the base are formed into an integral part;

the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

a recessed portion to which the excitation coil is inserted is formed on the ballast circuit side of the bulb;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof, with a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion being provided with a function for suppressing the convection of the discharge gas;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 55 mm to not more than 75 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.05 W/cm^2 to less than 0.07 W/cm^2;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3;

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is Δh, and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied: $\Delta h \leq 1.92 \times Dc - 22.4$ [mm];

the excitation coil is constituted by a core and a coil wound around the core; and

the center portion of the portion around which the coil is wound in the

longitudinal direction of the core is virtually positioned on a plane within which the largest diameter of the bulb is located.

6. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 5, wherein the diameter Dc and the distance Δh satisfy the following relationship: $\Delta h \geq 1.16 \times Dc - 17.4$ [mm].

7. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 5 or 6, wherein the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 70 mm.

8. (Deleted)

9.

10. (Amended) The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 3 and 5 to 7, wherein the filling pressure of the rare gas is set in a range from not less than 60 Pa to not more than 300 Pa.

11. (Amended) The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 3, 5 to 7, and 10, wherein a phosphor layer is formed on an inner surface of the bulb.

12. (Amended) The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 3, 5 to 7, and 10 or 11, wherein the diameter Dc of a portion positioned

on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is greater than the diameter of a portion corresponding to virtually the center portion of the recessed portion in the longitudinal direction of the excitation coil.

13. (Amended) An electrodeless-discharge-lamp lighting device comprising:

a bulb which is filled with discharge gas containing mercury enclosed in the bulb in the form of mercury element, not in the form of amalgam, and a rare gas, and which has a recessed portion;

an excitation coil inserted in the recessed portion; and

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil,

wherein: the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 90 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.07 W/cm^2 to not more than 0.11 W/cm^2;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3;

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is Δh, and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied: $\Delta h \leq 1.15 \times Dc + 1.25$ [mm]; and

the diameter Dc of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is greater than the diameter of a portion corresponding to virtually the center portion of the recessed portion in the longitudinal direction of the excitation coil.

14. (Amended) An electrodeless-discharge-lamp lighting device comprising:

a bulb which is filled with discharge gas containing mercury enclosed in the bulb in the form of mercury element, not in the form of amalgam, and a rare gas, and which has a recessed portion;

an excitation coil inserted in the recessed portion; and

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil,

wherein: the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a virtually cylinder shape with a virtually round tube shape in the cross section thereof;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 55 mm to not more than 75 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.05 W/cm^2 to less than 0.07 W/cm^2;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3;

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is Δh, and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied: $\Delta h \leq 1.92 \times Dc - 22.4$ [mm]; and

the diameter Dc of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is greater than the diameter of a portion corresponding to virtually the center portion of the recessed portion in the longitudinal direction of the excitation coil.

15. (Deleted)